

**AC-DC Power Supplies Power Module Type** 

Ordering information

S 150 F 50







- ①Series name
  ②Single output
  ③Output wattage
  ④Universal Input
  ⑤Output voltage
  ⑥Optional
  T: with Mounting hole
  ( \$ 3.4 thru)
  N:Auto restart in protection circuit working

- $\label{eq:and-BC} \mbox{$\star$ Avoid short circuit between +BC and -BC. It may cause the failure of inside components.}$
- $\label{eq:KeepTRM} \textbf{Keep TRM open, if output voltage adjustment is not necessary.}$

MODEL	TUXS150F50
MAX OUTPUT WATTAGE[W]	150.0
DC OUTPUT	50V 3A

#### **SPECIFICATIONS**

	MODEL		TUXS150F50					
	VOLTAGE[V]		AC85 - 264 1 φ					
INPUT	CUDDENTIAL	ACIN 100V	1.70typ (lo=100%)					
	CURRENT[A]	ACIN 200V	0.80typ (lo=100%)					
	FREQUENCY[Hz]	•	50/60 (45 - 66)					
	EEEIOIENOVIO/ 1	ACIN 100V	93typ					
	EFFICIENCY[%]	ACIN 200V	94typ					
	DOWER FLOTOR (I. 4000()	ACIN 100V	0.96typ					
	POWER FACTOR (lo=100%)	ACIN 200V	0.93typ					
	INRUSH CURRENT		Limited by external components (Thermistor)					
	LEAKAGE CURRENT[mA]		0.75max (ACIN 240V 60Hz, Io=100%, According to IEC62368-1)					
	VOLTAGE[V]		50					
	CURRENT[A]		3					
	LINE REGULATION[mV]		100max					
	LOAD REGULATION	[mV]	100max					
	DIDDI ElmVa al	-20 to +100°C *1	200max					
	RIPPLE[mVp-p]	-40 to -20℃*1	300max					
OUTDUT	DIDDLE NOIGETV1	-20 to +100°C *1	200max					
OUTPUT	RIPPLE NOISE[mVp-p]	-40 to -20℃*1	300max					
	TEMPERATURE REQUILATIONS	0 to +100°C	500max					
	TEMPERATURE REGULATION[mV]	-40 to +100℃	1000max					
	DRIFT[mV]	*2	200max					
	OUTPUT VOLTAGE AD HIGHE	T DANGERS	Fixed (TRM pin open), adjustable by external resistor or external signal					
	OUTPUT VOLTAGE ADJUSTMEN	II RANGE[V]	45.0 - 55.0					
	OUTPUT VOLTAGE SETTING[V]		49.2 - 50.8					
	OVERCURRENT PROT		Works over 105% of rating and recovers automatically					
PROTECTION	OVERVOLIAGE PROTECTIONIVI		57.5 - 67.5					
CIRCUIT AND OTHERS	REMOTE SENSING		Not provided					
OTTIENS	REMOTE ON/OFF		Not provided					
	INPUT-OUTPUT		AC3,000V 1minute, Cutoff current = 10mA, DC500V 50M $\Omega$ min (20±15 $^{\circ}$ C)					
ISOLATION	INPUT-FG		AC2,000V 1minute, Cutoff current = 10mA, DC500V 50M $\Omega$ min (20±15 $^{\circ}$ C)					
	OUTPUT-FG		AC500V 1minute, Cutoff current = 100mA, DC500V 50M $\Omega$ min (20±15 $^{\circ}$ C)					
ENVIRONMENT	OPERATING TEMP., HUMID. AND ALTITUDE		-40 to +100°C (On aluminum base plate), 20 - 95%RH (Non condensing) (Refer to "Derating"), 4,000m (13,000 feet) ma					
	STORAGE TEMP., HUMID. AND ALTITUDE		-40 to +100°C, 20 - 95%RH (Non condensing), 9,000m (30,000 feet) max					
	VIBRATION		10 - 55Hz, 49.0m/s² (5G), 3minutes period, 60minutes each along X, Y and Z axis					
	IMPACT		196.1m/s² (20G), 11ms, once each along X, Y and Z axis					
SAFETY AND	AGENCY APPROVALS		UL60950-1, C-UL (CSA60950-1), EN62368-1					
NOISE REGULATIONS	ONS HARMONIC ATTENUATOR		Complies with IEC61000-3-2 (Class A) *3					
	CASE SIZE/WEIGHT		76.2×28.5×50.8mm [3.0×1.12×2.0 inches] (W×H×D) / 150g max					
OTHERS	COOLING METHOD		Conduction cooling (e.g. heat radiation from the aluminum base plate to the attached heat sink)					

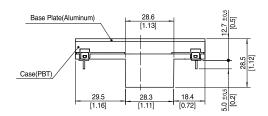
- Refer to instruction manual for measuring method of electric characteristics.

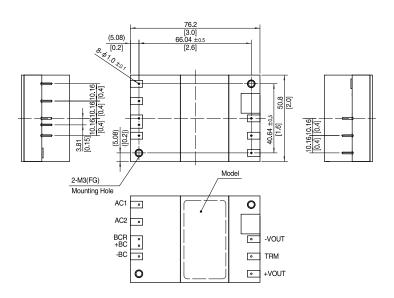
  Drift is the change in DC output for an eight hour period after a half-hour warm-up at 25°C, with the input voltage held constant at the rated input/output.
- Please contact us about another class.

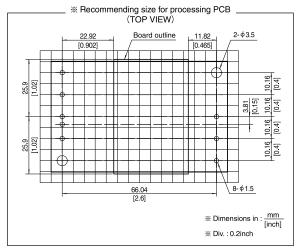
# TUXS150F



#### **External view**





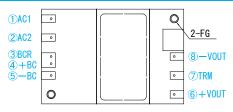


- \*\* Tolerance : ±0.3 [±0.012]
   \*\* Weight : 150g max
   \*\* Dimensions in mm, [ ]=inches
   \*\* Mounting hole screwing torque : 0.49N/m (5.0kgf/cm) max



### **TUXS-series**

#### **Pin Configuration**



\*Bottom view

No.	Pin Connection	Function				
1	AC1	AC input				
2	AC2	AC input				
3	BCR	+BC output				
4	+BC	+BC output				
(5)	-BC	-BC output				
6	+VOUT	+DC output				
1	TRM	Adjustment of output voltage				
8	-VOUT	-DC output				
-	FG	Mounting hole (FG)				

#### Implementation • Mounting Method

#### Mounting method

- ■The unit can be mounted in any direction. When two or more power supplies are used side by side, position them with proper intervals to allow enough air ventilation. Aluminum base plate temperature of each power supply should not exceed the temperature range shown in "Derating".
- Avoid placing the AC input line pattern layout underneath the unit. It will increase the line conducted noise. Make sure to leave an ample distance between the line pattern layout and the unit. Also avoid placing the DC output line pattern underneath the unit because it may increase the output noise. Lay out the pattern away from the unit.
- ■Avoid placing the signal line pattern layout underneath the unit because the power supply might become unstable. Lay out the pattern away from the unit.
- ■High-frequency noise radiates directly from the unit to the atmosphere. Therefore, design the shield pattern on the printed circuit board and connect it to FG.

The shield pattern prevents noise radiation.

■When a heat sink cannot be fixed on the base plate side, order the power module with "-T" option. A heat sink can be mounted by affixing a M3 tap on the heat sink. Please make sure a mounting hole will be connected to a grounding capacitor CY.

	Mounting hole			
Standard	M3 tapped			
Optional : -T	φ 3.4 thru			

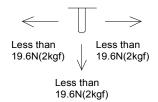
#### Stress onto the pins

- ■When too much stress is applied to the pins may damage internal connections. Avoid applying stress in excess of that shown in right figure.
- ■The pins are soldered onto the internal PCB.

  Therefore, Do not bend or pull the leads with excessive force.
- ■Mounting hole diameter of PCB should be 3.5mm to reduce the stress to the pins.
- ■Fix the unit on PCB (fixing fittings) by screws to reduce the stress to the pins. Be sure to mount the unit first, then solder the unit.

### Soldering

■Flow soldering : 260 °C less than 15 seconds.
■Soldering iron (26W) : 450 °C less than 5 seconds.



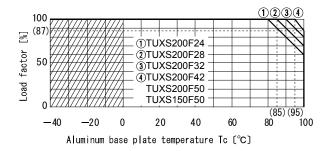
## **TUXS-series**

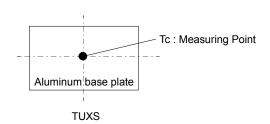


#### Derating

### Output voltage derating curve

- ■Use the power modules with conduction cooling (e.g. heat dissipation from the aluminum base plate to the attached heat sink). Below shows the derating curves with respect to the aluminum base plate temperature. Note that operation within the hatched areas will cause a significant level of ripple and ripple noise.
- ■Please measure the temperature on the aluminum base plate edge side when you cannot measure the temperature of the center part of the aluminum base plate. In this case, please take 5deg temperature margin from the derating characteristics shown in Below. Please reduce the temperature fluctuation range as much as possible when the up and down of the temperature are frequently generated. Contact us for more information on cooling methods.





#### **Basic Characteristics Data**

Model	Circuit method	Switching frequency [kHz]	Input current [A] *1	Inrush current protection circuit	PCB/Pattern			Series/Parallel operation availability	
					Material	Single sided	Double sided	Series operation	Parallel operation
TUXS150F	Active filter	80-600		Thermistor	Aluminum	Yes		Yes	*2
	LLC resonant converter	100-300	1.70						
TUXS200F	Active filter	80-600	2.20	Thermistor	Aluminum	Yes		Yes	*2
	LLC resonant converter	100-300							

<sup>\*1</sup> The value of input current is at ACIN 100V and rated load.

<sup>\*2</sup> Refer to instruction manual.